

Tinea Incognito

Tinea incognito is the name given to a fungal skin infection when the clinical appearance has been altered by inappropriate treatment, usually a topical steroid cream. It is also known as steroid-modified tinea. The result is that the original infection slowly extends and may mimic other skin disorders.



Tinea Versicolor

Tinea versicolor is a common fungal infection of the skin. The fungus interferes with the normal pigmentation of the skin, resulting in small, discolored patches. These patches may be lighter or darker in color than the surrounding skin and most commonly affect the trunk and shoulders.



Herpes Simplex

Herpes simplex virus (HSV), known as herpes, is a common infection that can cause painful blisters or ulcers. It primarily spreads by skin-to-skin contact



Herpes Zoster

Herpes Zoster is also known as Shingles. Pain, itching, or tingling of the skin followed by a painful rash of blister-like sores, usually on one side of the body, often on the face or torso



Molluscum Contagiosum

Molluscum contagiosum (mo-LUS-kum kun-tay-jee-OH-sum) is a fairly common skin infection caused by a virus. It causes round, firm, painless bumps ranging in size from a pinhead to a pencil eraser. If the bumps are scratched or injured, the infection can spread to nearby skin. Molluscum contagiosum also spreads through person-to-person contact and contact with infected objects.



Impetigo

Impetigo is a common and highly contagious skin infection that causes sores and blisters.



Methicillin-Resistant Staphylococcus Aureus (MRSA)

MRSA is a cause of staph infection that is difficult to treat because of its resistance to some antibiotics.

